First meeting of board.

SEC. 6. The Board of Geological Survey shall meet for organization within thirty days after the passage of this act.

Regular meetings. The regular meetings of the board shall be held on the first Wednesday in April and the first Wednesday in November of each year.

SEC. 7. The sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000)

Appropriation annually, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds out of the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act.

Repeal.

SEC. 8. "An act to create a mining bureau, and to define its powers and duties, and declaring an emergency," approved February 25, 1890; also "An act to create the office of a State Geologist, prescribing his duties and compensation, and making an appropriation for the same, and declaring an emergency," approved February 28, 1890, are hereby repealed.

Passed the House February 19, 1901. Passed the Senate March 12, 1901. Approved by the Governor March 18, 1901.

CHAPTER CLXVI.

[H. B. No. 486.]

PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTE-NANCE OF PUBLIC AND FREE LIBRARIES.

AN ACT providing for the establishment and maintenance of public and free libraries and museums, and repealing all laws in conflict herewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Establishment of — how accomplished.

Section 1. By a majority vote at any election any city, village, town, school district, or other body authorized to levy and collect taxes, or by a vote of its common council any city may establish and maintain a free public library, with or without branches, either

by itself or in connection with any other body authorized to maintain such library. Whenever twenty-five taxpayers shall petition, the question of providing Petition. library facilities shall be voted on at the next election or meeting at which taxes may be voted: Provided, Proviso as to That due public notice shall have been given of the proposed action.

SEC. 2. By a similar vote money may be granted toward the support of libraries not owned by the public Granting of money. but maintained for its welfare and free use: Provided. That such libraries shall be subject to the inspection Proviso. of the state library commission and registered by it as maintaining a proper standard; that the commission shall certify what number of books circulated are of such a character as to merit a grant of public money; that the amount granted yearly to libraries on the basis of circulation shall not exceed ten cents for each volume of the circulation thus certified by the commission.

Sec. 3. Taxes, in addition to those otherwise authorized may be voted by any authority named in section Taxes. one and for any purpose specified in sections one and two and shall, unless otherwise directed by such vote, be considered as annual appropriations therefor until changed by further vote and shall be levied and collected yearly, or as directed, as are other general taxes; and all money received from taxes or other sources for such library shall be kept as a separate library fund and expended only under direction of the library trustees on properly authenticated vouchers. Every free Maintenance. library now established, unless it is otherwise provided by the city charter of a city wherein such library is situated, and every free library hereafter established shall be maintained and managed as provided in this act.

Sec. 4. The management and control of every public library shall be vested in a board of five trustees Management of vested in (unless a larger number be decided upon by vote at the board of five trustees. time of establishment or at some subsequent annual election) who shall be elected by the legal voters; except

Eligibility.

Expiration of term

that in cities they shall be appointed by the mayor with the consent of the city council from citizens of recognized fitness for such position. No person shall be ineligible as a trustee by reason of sex and no trustee as such shall ever receive any compensation. The first trustees shall determine by lot whose term of office shall expire each year and a new trustee shall be elected or appointed annually to serve for five years; all vacancies shall be as soon as possible filled in like manner as the members of the board are regularly chosen and in an unexpired term for the residue of the term only: Provided. That in any city in which a library is maintained under this act the city superintendent of schools or the principal of schools shall be ex officio a member of the board of trustees of such library. SEC. 5. The trustees shall immediately after taking

Organization.

Proviso.

By-laws, etc.

Lease. purchase or erection of building.

Proviso.

Proviso.

office meet and organize by the election of one of their number president and by the election of such other officers as they may deem necessary. They shall make and adopt such by-laws, rules and regulations for their own guidance and for the government of the library as may be expedient, not inconsistent with law or this act. Supervision of They shall have the supervision, care and custody of buildings, etc. the rooms or buildings constructed, leased or set apart for the library and the exclusive control of the expenditure of all moneys collected for the library fund; and such money shall be paid out from the treasury by the proper officers upon the properly authenticated vouchers of the board of trustees without further audit. They may lease and occupy, purchase, or erect on purchased ground, an appropriate building for the library: Provided, That in cities the purchase of such real estate or the erection of such building, if done at the public expense, be with funds expressly provided therefor by city charter, ordinance of the council, or vote of the people. They may appoint a librarian and assistants, prescribe rules for their conduct, fix their compensation and remove them from office for cause shown: Provided, That in all cities or other localities having a civil service based on competitive examination all appointments

and removals shall be under the rules of such service; and in all cases where possible all appointments to library positions shall be made for ascertained fitness after examination. They shall have the power to do all other acts and things necessary to the management, custody and control of the library.

SEC. 6. The trustees shall make an annual report at the close of each year to the city council or the proper Annual report body, authorized to lavy and collect taxes, stating the what to body authorized to levy and collect taxes, stating the contain. condition of their trust, the various sums of money received from the library fund and all other sources, how much money has been expended, the number of books and periodicals on hand, the number added during the year, the number missing or retired, the number loaned out and the general character of such loan, and such other statistics, information and suggestions as they may deem of general interest, together with their estimate of the income necessary for the proper maintenance of the library for the ensuing year: Provided, Proviso. That nothing in this act shall be construed as empowering the board of trustees to incur any indebtedness except as there is sufficient money in the library fund applicable to the payment thereof.

SEC. 7. In order to avail the library of any provision of this act for state aid, the first board of trustees shall Registration of institution. within one month at the taking office apply to the state library commission to have the institution registered by the commission as a library under its visitation and supervision.

SEC. 8. Every library which receives state aid shall make to the commission an annual report verified by Annual report verified by Annual received the oath of its presiding officer and giving such information in such form as shall be prescribed by the com-These reports shall be summarized and mission. transmitted to the Governor by the commission together with the reports of its proceedings as required by law.

SEC. 9. Every library established or maintained under Free-to this act shall be forever free for the use of the inhabitants of the city, town, village or district where located,

subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the trustees may find necessary in order that the library shall be of the greatest benefit to the greatest number; and they may exclude from the use of the library any person who willfully violates such rules.

SEC. 10. The board of trustees of any free library in this state may, under such rules and regulations as it

Non-residents may use books.

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Board to contract with commissioners to loan books.

may deem necessary and upon such conditions as may be agreed upon, allow non-residents of the city, town, village, or district in which the library is situated to use the books therein, and may make exchanges of books with any other public library, either permanently or temporarily; and any such board may contract with the board of commissioners of the county in which the library is situated or with the board of commissioners, village trustees, town or city council, of any neighboring county, village, town or city, to loan the books of said library to the residents of such county, village, town, or city, upon the terms agreed upon in such contract: and every such board of trustees, board of county commissioners or village trustees, town or city council is hereby empowered to make contracts for such purpose and to pay the consideration agreed upon therein to the board of trustees of such library out of the county, town, village or city treasury upon the rendering of proper accounts therefor.

Intentional injury to property and penalty therefor.

SEC. 11. Whoever intentionally injures, defaces, or destroyes any property belonging to or deposited in any public library, reading room, museum, or other educational institution, shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than three years, or in the county jail for not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Wilful detention of books, etc., after being notified to return—penalty.

SEC. 12. Whoever wilfully detains any book, newspaper, magazine, pamphlet, manuscript, or other property belonging in or to any public or incorporated library, reading room, museum, or other educational institution, for thirty days after notice in writing to return the same, given after the expiration of the time

which by the rules of such institution such article or other property may be kept, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one or more than twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment in the jail not exceeding six months; and the said notice shall bear on its face a copy of this section.

Sec. 13. Any corporation, association, school district or combination of districts may, by legal vote duly ap- Transfer of ownership. proved by the state library commission, transfer the ownership and control of its library, with all its appurtenances, to any public library under the supervision of the commission and thereafter said public library shall be entitled to receive any money, books, or other Entitled to receive money, property from the state or other sources, to which said etc., when. corporation, association or district would have been entitled but for such transfer; and the trustee or body making the transfer shall thereafter be relieved of all responsibility pertaining to property thus transferred.

SEC. 14. If the local authorities of any library supported wholly or in part by state money fail to provide Failure to provide. for the safety and public usefulness of its books, the state library commission shall in writing notify the trustees of said library of what is necessary to meet the state's requirements, and on such notice all its rights to further grant of money or books from the state shall be suspended until the commission certifies that the requirements have been met; and if said trustees shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requirements for sixty days after service of such notice, the commission Failure to comply for may remove them from office and thereafter all books and other library property wholly or in part paid for from state money shall be under the full and direct control of the commission which, as shall seem best for the public interests, may appoint new trustees to carry on the library or may store it, or may distribute to other libraries the books paid for with state money.

Sec. 15. Under such rules as it may prescribe, the state library commission may lend from any books it may lend from any books it may lend may have for the purpose selections of books for a limited time to any public library in this state under its

State publications free gratis. visitation or supervision, or to any community not yet having established such library but having conformed to the conditions required for such loans. All the official publications of the state shall be furnished, through the state library commission, to every free public library in the state, free of charge.

Who may ask advice.

SEC. 16. The trustees or librarian of, or any citizen interested in, any public library in the state shall be entitled to ask from the state library commission any needed advice or instruction as to a library building. furniture and equipment, government and service, rules for readers, selecting, buying, cataloguing, shelving, or lending books, or any other matter pertaining to the establishment, reorganization, or administration of a public library. The commission may provide for giving such advice or instructions either personally or through printed matter and correspondence. The commission may, on request, select or buy books or furnish books instead of money apportioned, or may make exchanges and loans from any collection of books it may have in Such assistance shall be free to resiits possession. dents of this state as far as practicable; but the commission may in its discretion charge a proper fee to non-residents, or for assistance of a personal nature or for anything which is not properly an expense to the state but which may be authorized for the accommodation of users of such library.

Provisions for advice or instructions.

Selection and exchange of books.

Fee from non-residents.

Books purchased from funds received.

SEC. 17. The state library commission may use receipts from fees, fines, gifts from all sources, or sale of its bulletins or similar printed matter, for buying books or for any other proper expenses of carrying on its work.

Apportionment. SEC. 18. Such sum as shall have been appropriated by the Legislature as a fund for public library aid, shall be paid annually by the State Treasurer on a warrant of the State Auditor according to an apportionment to be made for the benefit of deserving free libraries by the commission in accordance with its rules and duly authenticated by it: *Provided*, That this money shall not be spent for any books except those approved

Proviso.

or selected and furnished by the commission; that no locality shall share in the apportionment unless it shall raise and use for the same purpose not less than an equal amount from taxation or other local sources; that for any part of the apportionment not payable directly to the library trustees the commission shall file Vouchers—with the State Auditor proper vouchers showing that State Auditor. it has been spent in accordance with law exclusively for books for free libraries or for proper expenses incurred for their benefit; and that books paid for by the state shall be subject to return to the commission whenever the library shall neglect or refuse to conform to the regulations under which it secured them.

SEC. 19. Any library established under this act may be abolished only by a majority vote of the people at a Abolished by vote—when. regular annual election, ratified by a majority vote at the next annual election. If any such library be abolished, its property shall be used first to return to the Return of its state library commission, for the benefit of other public libraries in that locality, the equivalent of such sums as it may have received from the state or from other sources as gifts for public use. After such return, any remaining property may be used as directed in a vote abolishing the library; but if the entire library property does not exceed in value the amount of such gifts, it may be transferred to the commission for public use, and the trustees shall thereupon be freed from further responsibility. No abolition of a public library Abolition unlawful - whe established under this act shall be lawful till the commission grants a certificate that its assets have been properly distributed and its abolition completed in accordance with law.

SEC. 20. All persons desirous of making gifts of money, personal property or real estate, for the benefit Gifts-right to vest title. of a public library shall have the right to vest the title thereto in the board of trustees, to be held and controlled by the board, when accepted according to the terms of the deed of gift, devise, or bequest.

SEC. 21. All provisions of this act shall apply equally Provisions to apply equally. to libraries and to combine libraries and museums, and

the word library shall be construed to include reference and circulating libraries and reading rooms.

Repeal.

SEC. 22. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Passed the House March 14, 1901. Passed the Senate March 14, 1901.

Approved by the Governor March 18, 1901.

CHAPTER CLXVII.

[H. B. No. 437.]

AMENDING BALLINGER'S CODE RELATIVE TO SOLDIERS' HOME.

AN ACT to amend sections 2631 and 2632, Ballinger's Annotated Codes and Statutes of Washington, relating to Soldiers' Home, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington: Section 1. That section 2631, Ballinger's Annotated

Amendment.

Codes and Statutes, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: "There shall be established in this state an institution under the name of the Washington Soldiers' Home which institution shall be a home for honorably discharged Union soldiers, sailors, marines, soldiers of the Spanish-American war, and also members of the state militia disabled in the line of duty, and who are bona fide citizens of this state."

Must be bona fide citizens.

Amendment.

If honorably discharged.

Proviso.

SEC. 2. That section 2632, Ballinger's Annotated Codes, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: "All honorably discharged Union soldiers, sailors, marines, soldiers of the Spanish-American war, and also members of the state militia disabled while in the line of duty, may be admitted to the home provided for in the last preceding section of this chapter, under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Board of Audit and Control: *Provided*, Such applicants are bona fide citizens of this state."